## Internal Revenue Service

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Department of the Treasury Washington, DC 20224

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Third Party Communication: None Date of Communication: Not Applicable

Person To Contact:

, ID No.

Telephone Number:

Refer Reply To: CC:PSI:02 PLR-125047-13

Date:

September 10, 2013

Legend

X =

<u>State</u> = <u>D1</u> =

<u>D2</u> =

Dear :

This responds to a letter dated May 15, 2013, and subsequent correspondence submitted on behalf of  $\underline{X}$  by  $\underline{X}$ 's authorized representative, requesting a ruling under  $\S$  1362(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The information submitted states that  $\underline{X}$  was formed in  $\underline{State}$  on  $\underline{D1}$ .  $\underline{X}$ 's shareholders intended for  $\underline{X}$  to be an S corporation effective  $\underline{D2}$ . However, no Form 2553, Election by a Small Business Corporation, was timely filed for  $\underline{X}$ . Accordingly,  $\underline{X}$  requests a ruling that it will be treated as an S corporation effective  $\underline{D2}$ .

Section 1362(a) provides that a small business corporation may elect to be an S corporation.

Section 1362(b) provides the rule on when an S election will be effective. Section 1362(b) provides, in relevant part, that if an S election is made within the first two and one-half months of a corporation's taxable year, then the corporation will be treated as an S corporation for the year in which the election is made. Under section 1362(b)(3), an S election made after the first two and one-half months of a corporation's taxable year, results in the corporation not being treated as an S corporation until the taxable year following the year in which the S election is filed.

Section 1362(b)(5) provides that if (A) an election under §1362(a) is made for any taxable year after the date prescribed by § 1362(b) for making the election for the taxable year or no § 1362(a) election is made for any taxable year, and (B) the Secretary determines that there was reasonable cause for the failure to timely make the election, then the Secretary may treat the election as timely made for such taxable year and § 1362(b)(3) shall not apply.

 $\underline{X}$  did not timely file an election under § 1362(a) to be treated as an S corporation for  $\underline{X}$ 's taxable year beginning  $\underline{D2}$ . Based solely on the facts and the representations submitted, we conclude that  $\underline{X}$  established reasonable cause for failing to make a timely election to be an S corporation and thus, is eligible for relief under § 1362(b)(5). Provided that  $\underline{X}$  otherwise qualifies as an S corporation, we conclude that  $\underline{X}$  will be recognized as an S corporation effective  $\underline{D2}$ , if  $\underline{X}$  files a completed Form 2553 effective  $\underline{D2}$  with the appropriate service center within 120 days following the date of this letter. A copy of this letter should be attached to the Form 2553.

Except as expressly set forth above, no opinion is expressed or implied concerning the federal tax consequences of the facts described above under any other provision of the Code, including whether  $\underline{X}$  was or is a small business corporation under  $\S$  1361(b).

Sincerely,

Associate Chief Counsel (Passthroughs & Special Industries

Melissa C. Liquerman Chief, Branch 2

Enclosures (2)
Copy of this letter
Copy for § 6110 purposes

CC: